



THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA

PROGRAMME FOR THE SWEARING-IN AND INAUGURATION CEREMONIES OF THE PRESIDENT-ELECT

**Tuesday
12th May, Tuesday 2026**

Theme:

**"PROTECTING THE GAINS AS WE MAKE A QUALITATIVE
LEAP TO HIGHER MIDDLE INCOME STATUS"**

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THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

1

Oh Uganda! May God uphold thee
We lay our future in thy hand
United, free;
For liberty
Together we'll always stand.

2

Oh Uganda! The land of freedom
Our love and labour we give
And with neighbours all
At our country's call
In peace and friendship, we'll live.

3

Oh Uganda! The land that feeds us
By sun and fertile soil grown
For our own dear land
We'll always stand
The Pearl of Africa's Crown

EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY (EAC) ANTHEM

1

Ee Mungu Twaomba ulinde
Jumuiya Afrika Mashariki
Tuwezeshe kuishi kwa
amani Tutimize na
malengo yetu

Chorus

Jumuiya Yetu sote tuilinde
Tuwajibike tuimarike
Umoja wetu ni nguzo yetu
Idumu Jumuiya yetu

2

Uzalendo pia mshikamano
Viwe misingi wa Umoja wetu
Natulinde Uhuru na Amani
Mila zetu na desturi zetu

3

Viwandani na hata mashambani
Tufanye kazi sote kwa makini
Tujitoe kwa hali na mali
Tuijenge Jumuiya bora



H.E GEN. YOWERI KAGUTA MUSEVENI

President of the Republic of Uganda and Commander-in-Chief
of the Uganda Peoples' Defence Forces.



H.E JESSICA ALUPO R.E.

Vice President of the Republic of Uganda



RT. HON. ANITA ANNET AMONG

Speaker of Parliament of the Republic of Uganda.



**HIS LORDSHIP HON. JUSTICE DR. FLAVIAN
ZEIJA**

The Chief Justice of the Republic of Uganda.



JUSTICE BYABAKAMA MUGENYI SIMON

Chairperson, Electoral Commission.



HON. MILLY BABIRYE BABALANDA

Minister in Charge of the Presidency

PROGRAMME

Activities Preceding the Swearing – In and Inauguration Ceremonies
of the President-Elect, 2026

1. HANDOVER OF END TERM MANIFESTO 2021-2026 EVALUATION REPORT TO THE POLITICAL LEADERS:

Tuesday 21 st April 2026	-	Office of the President Conference Hall.
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2. THANKSGIVING PRAYERS:

Friday 8 th May, 2026	-	Prayers in all Mosques
Saturday 9 th May, 2026	-	Prayers in all Seventh Day Adventist Churches
Sunday 10 th May, 2026	-	Prayers in all the other Churches

**PROGRAMME FOR THE SWEARING-IN AND
INAUGURATION CEREMONIES OF THE
PRESIDENT-ELECT**

Tuesday 12th May, 2026

Venue : KOLOLO CEREMONIAL GROUNDS

Time : 8:00 am – 2:30 pm

DIRECTOR OF CEREMONIES:

H.E Jessica Alupo R.E
VICE PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF UGANDA

ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF CEREMONIES:

Mrs. Alice Muwanguzi, **Office of the President**
Col. Chris Magezi, **Ag. Defence Public Information Officer**

PARADE

- | | | |
|------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Parade Commander | - | Brig. Gen. John Bosco Asinguza |
| Parade 2 I/C | - | Col. Stuart Ruteikara Agaba |
| Parade Adjutant | - | Lt. Col. Patrick Mukundane |
| Parade RSM | - | WO1 Nsubuga Patrick |
| Colour Party | - | Maj. Patrick A. Mawadri |
| | - | Maj. Martin Ochen Orech |
| | - | Capt. Isaiah Opolot Tuhamu |
| | - | Capt. Dickson Mbizukire |
| Colour RSM | - | WO2 Otukeyi Chris Ochom |
| Parade Admin | - | Lt. Col. Richard George Mpangire |

DIRECTORS OF MUSIC

- | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Uganda Peoples' Defence Forces | - | Col. Moses W. Ssentongo |
| Uganda Police Force | - | SSP Okwi Okedi Stephen |
| Uganda Prisons Service | - | SP Tugume Ambrose |

PARADE PARTICIPANTS:

Uganda Peoples' Defence Forces

Uganda Police Force

Uganda Prisons Service

DETAILED ACTIVITIES AT KOLOLO CEREMONIAL GROUNDS

Tuesday 12th May, 2026

8:10 am - Parade Forms

8:20 am - Invited Guests take their seats

- Cultural Performers entertain the Public

ARRIVALS:

8:50 am - Commissioner General of Prisons

- Inspector General of Police

- Chief of Defence Forces (**General Salute**)

- Chief Registrar, High Court

- Presidential Advisors/Assistants

- Permanent Secretaries

- Head of Public Service and Secretary to Cabinet

- Chairpersons of Constitutional/Statutory Commissions

- Inspector General of Government

- Religious Leaders

9:00 am - Their Royal Highnesses the Traditional Leaders

- Former National Leaders

- Hon. Members of Parliament

- Heads of Diplomatic Mission

- Judges of the High Court
 - Justices of the Court of Appeal
 - Justices of Supreme Court
 - Principal Judge
 - 9:25 am** - Chairperson, Electoral Commission
 - Hon. Ministers of State
 - Hon. Cabinet Ministers
 - Leader of Opposition in Parliament
 - Secretary General, NRM
 - 9:40 am** - Rt. Hon. Prime Minister
 - 1st Vice Chairman, NRM
 - His Lordship the Deputy Chief Justice
 - Rt. Hon. Deputy Speaker of Parliament
 - 10:00 am** - His Lordship the Chief Justice (**Roll of Drums**)
 - 10:10 am** - Rt. Hon. Speaker of Parliament
 - 10:20 am** - **Arrival of H.E Jessica Alupo R.E Vice President of the Republic of Uganda**
 - 10:30 am** - Arrival of visiting Heads of State and Government and First Ladies.
 - 10:40 am** - **Arrival of H.E Gen. Yoweri Kaguta Museveni, President of the Republic of Uganda and Commander-in-Chief of the Uganda Peoples' Defence Forces and Maama Janet Museveni.**
- The President is received by:*
1. H.E the Vice President
 2. Rt. Hon. Prime Minister
 3. Minister in Charge of the Presidency
 4. Head of Public Service and Secretary to Cabinet
 5. Service Chiefs

- **H.E the President proceeds to the Saluting Dais**
- Presidential Salute
- **National Anthem**
- **EAC Anthem.**
- H.E the President inspects the Parade.
- Lowering of the Presidential Standard Flag.
- H.E the President takes his seat.

SWEARING-IN PROCEDURE:

- The Director of Ceremonies takes over:
- Chairperson, Electoral Commission is invited by the Director of Ceremonies to proceed to the Swearing-in Podium.
- Chairperson, Electoral Commission invites the President-Elect to proceed to the Swearing-in Podium
- H.E the President proceeds to the Swearing -in Podium
- Chairperson, Electoral Commission introduces the President-Elect to the Nation.
- Chairperson, Electoral Commission invites His Lordship the Chief Justice to proceed to the Swearing-in Podium to administer the Oath of Allegiance and the Oath of President to the President-Elect.
- His Lordship the Chief Justice, the Head of Public Service and Secretary to Cabinet and the Chief Registrar proceed to the Swearing-in Podium.
- Chairperson, Electoral Commission resumes his seat.
- The Chief Registrar presents the Bible and the Oath of Allegiance to the President-Elect
- The President-Elect takes the Oath of Allegiance.
- The Chief Registrar presents the Oath of President to the President-Elect
- The Chief Registrar takes the Bible away from the President-Elect.

- The Chief Registrar guides the President-Elect where to sign on the Oath of Allegiance and the Oath of the President.
- The Chief Registrar guides the Chief Justice where to sign on the Oath of Allegiance and the Oath of the President.
- The Chief Registrar presents, one by one, the Instruments of Power of the Republic of Uganda to the Chief Justice;
 - i. The Constitution.
 - ii. The National Flag.
 - iii. The Presidential Standard Flag.
 - iv. The National Anthem.
 - v. The National Court of Arms and
 - vii. The Public Seal.
- Chief Justice hands-over, one by one, the Instruments of Power of the Republic of Uganda to the President.
- Chief of Defence Forces hands over the Instruments of National Defense to H.E the President and Commander in Chief.
- The Head of Public Service and Secretary to Cabinet receives, one by one the Instruments of Power of the Republic of Uganda from H.E the President for custody.
- The Director of Ceremonies requests His Lordship the Chief Justice, The Head of Public Service and Secretary to Cabinet; and the Chief Registrar to resume their seats
- **H.E the President proceeds to the Saluting Dias.**
- Presidential Salute.
- **National Anthem.**
- **EAC Anthem.**
- Hoisting of the Presidential Standard Flag.
- 21 Salute.
- H.E the President inspects the Parade.
- **H.E the President takes his seat.**
- The Director of Ceremonies congratulates H.E Yoweri Kaguta Museveni upon his assumption of the highest Office in the land, and calls on the Religious Leaders to pray for the blessing of

both the President's new term of Office and the Nation.

PRAYERS

- The His Grace the Most Rev. Dr. Stephen Kazimba Mugalu, Archbishop of the Church of Uganda (**Christian Faith**).
- His Eminence Sheikh Shaban Ramadhan Mubaje, Mufti of Uganda (**Islamic Faith**).
- Parade March Past in Slow and Quick Time.
- Parade matches in Review Order.
- Para-troopers' Dill.
- Parade Commander requests for permission to march off Colours and Parade.
- Parade Marches off the Ground.
- Director of Ceremonies requests H.E the President of the Republic of Uganda to introduce the visiting Heads of State and Government.
- H.E the President addresses the Nation.
- Cultural Entertainment (**Two items each 5 minutes**)
- **EAC Anthem.**
- **National Anthem.**
- Beating of the retreat (10mins); UPDF Band.
- H.E the President sees off the visiting Heads of State and Government.
- H.E the President departs.
- H.E the Vice President departs.
- Others depart in reverse order of arrival.

2:30 pm – End of Ceremonies at Kololo Ceremonial Grounds

SYNOPSIS FOR THE SWEARING-IN CEREMONY

2026

Theme: **Protecting the Gains as We Make a Qualitative Leap into a Middle-Income Status.**

“Voting is the expression of our commitment to ourselves, one another, this country, and this world.” – Sharon Salzberg

BACKGROUND

In furtherance of the adherence to the democratic governance, on the 15th of January 2026, Ugandans once again went to the polls to exercise their right to democratically elect Leaders at both the Presidential and Parliamentary levels of Governance. As the case has been in the past General Elections, several political parties presented their Manifestos to Ugandans with the view of taking over power from the NRM Party.

After assessment of different Manifestos, a majority of the eligible Voters representing 71.65% out of the total votes cast found the NRM Party Manifesto appealing because it was rooted in the correct ideological Principles of: Democracy; Patriotism; Pan-Africanism; and Socio-economic transformation. This overwhelming public trust brought back our visionary leader H.E Yoweri Kaguta Museveni to steer this Country for the next five years.

This will be President Yoweri Museveni's 7th term in office largely seen as the period to consolidate his legacy of 45 years as president of Uganda. He is the eighth President of Uganda since independence. This means, each of the last Presidents had served on average 2.87 years. All these transitions were characterised by chronic instability and violence. By giving Uganda a very long period of political continuity and stability, President Museveni helped resolve the biggest source of State fragility that had led Uganda to State failure. As a result, Uganda today, previously a chronically unstable failed state, plays the most critical stabilising role this region, helping prop such countries as Somalia, Central Africa Republic, South Sudan and Democratic Republic of Congo.

As President Yoweri Museveni begins his 7th term, like the revolutionary former Prime Minister of Singapore, Lee Kuan Yew, is demonstrating true pragmatism, which means abandoning failing policies regardless of their ideological origin and adopting “best practices” to build a lasting legacy. All signs indicate this term of office is going to be characterized by pragmatism that Ugandans have never seen before. Building a legacy, whether in politics, business, or history, often requires ruthless pragmatism, which is a cold, calculating focus on results. This approach demands the ability to make tough, sometimes harsh decisions to achieve long-term goals and preserve stability.

Maintaining a legacy often requires sacrificing personal feelings, relationships, or comfort to safeguard the broader interests of the enterprise or dynasty. While sometimes associated with authoritarianism or controversial leaders, this approach is essential to ensuring a legacy endures rather than falls apart. As he begins his seventh term, the country's progress in security, economic growth, and infrastructure development clearly marks a defining legacy of his leadership. From a nation once troubled by conflict and economic instability to one on the verge of resource-driven growth, the journey has been remarkable. The coming years will reveal if this progress leads to inclusive prosperity and sustainable development, securing his legacy as one of Africa's most influential leaders.

Uganda's economy has seen significant growth over the past 40 years. From a modest GDP of \$3.8 billion in 1986 to about \$69.3 billion today, driven by macroeconomic stability, liberalization policies, and strategic investments. Recent data from the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development shows ongoing progress. Merchandise exports increased to \$1.45 billion (UGX 5.43 trillion) in January 2026, up from \$1.395 billion (UGX 5.22 trillion) in December 2025. This growth has been driven by strong performance in key sectors such as gold, coffee, electricity, and maize, resulting in a trade surplus for Uganda. The upward trend indicates increasing competitiveness and diversification of the country's export base.

The revolution in infrastructure and development has been key to Uganda's transformation story. However, a major milestone in regional

infrastructure was recently reached with the groundbreaking of the Kisumu–Malaba, Malaba–Kampala Standard Gauge Railway (SGR) Extension (Phase II). This event was jointly presided over by President Museveni and President William Ruto in Kisumu.

The SGR project aims to revolutionize regional trade by improving connectivity to the Port of Mombasa, East Africa's main trade hub. By cutting cargo transit times along the Northern Corridor, the railway will reduce business costs, boost efficiency, and increase trade volumes across Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, South Sudan, and the Democratic Republic of Congo. The initiative reflects a broader strategy to optimize transportation systems by using rail for heavy cargo, pipelines for oil, and roads for passengers and light goods, while addressing key cost factors, including transportation, energy, and financing.

Oil and gas are a new economic frontier. Uganda is on the verge of a historic milestone in its oil and gas sector, with critical infrastructure in place and the pipeline project underway. The country is on track to achieve first oil in 2026.

This critical resource, which President Yoweri Museveni has carefully managed for over 30 years, is vital because he sought to avoid exploitation by the oil giants involved in the upstream industry. Oil revenues are expected to significantly transform Uganda's economy. President Museveni has regularly stated that, proceeds from the sector will be strategically invested in defence, infrastructure, education, and healthcare, which are essential pillars of sustainable development.

The oil and gas industry is also expected to boost industrialization, generate jobs, and strengthen Uganda's standing in the global energy market. President Museveni's 40-year legacy is deeply rooted in maintaining peace, fostering steady economic growth, and investing in proactive infrastructure. Though challenges remain, the progress made over the past four decades highlights a consistent vision of stability, self-reliance, and socio-economic development.

As Uganda prepares for its next five years of development, fueled by oil revenues, regional integration, and a young population, the foundations laid over the years continue to shape the country's path

to prosperity. The Ugandan government has set itself a very ambitious goal: to expand the economy by 1,000% in 15 years. This means the economy must grow at an annual average rate of 16% per year. Over the last 40 years of the presidency of Yoweri Museveni, Uganda's economy has grown at an annual average rate of 6.7%, making it the 11th fastest-growing economy in the world over that period, according to the IMF.

Secondly, Uganda's GDP today is \$64.5 billion, according to the IMF. This means the government aim is to grow it to \$645m by 2040. As of early 2026, Uganda's installed electricity generation capacity is approximately 2,051 MW to 2,098 MW, predominantly driven by hydropower. This capacity, which includes the 600 MW Karuma hydropower plant, represents a significant increase in recent years, with over 95% of generation coming from renewable energy sources, with peak consumption at 1,200 MW. This means we need to grow our electricity output to 20,000 MW in 15 years.

An economy of \$645 billion will also require massive investment in the infrastructure, especially in the transportation sphere—airports, roads, highways, railways, seaports, etc. Our people are in the informal sector. Government will create incentives for them to enter the formal economy.

Uganda's growth is the more remarkable because it is a landlocked country, has had no rich minerals, some of its neighbours have been politically unstable countries and the country was embroiled in civil wars between 1986 and 2005. Uganda has been able to sustain long term growth in large part because of policy innovation, policy consistency and sound management of policy. This assures investors that their investments are safe i.e., will not be subjected to the uncertainty of regular policy reversals.

For many people, Uganda's average real growth rate 6% over 40 years seems low. This is especially so when you compare with China which has done 9%. For instance, a difference of 3% in growth rates over 40 years makes a huge difference. But China is an outlier. Next to it is Bhutan which has done 7% (3rd) and Ethiopia 6.73 (4th) where the difference of 1% while big (especially if compounded over decades) is

not fundamentally different. Therefore, Uganda under Museveni is a global star in growth.

In 1986, Ugandans had access to one television station (in only five towns), one radio station, one university, two brands of soda, two brands of beer, etc. And even these were not always available. Today there are hundreds of televisions and radio stations, tens of universities, and supermarkets and shops (even in the remotest parts of the country) are fully stocked with a large variety of essential and non-essential goods. This variety of choice is an essential indicator of economic development. To be poor is to have little choice available and this increase in possibility is the most important aspect of escape from poverty.

Growth in private incomes has made it possible for many of our citizens to improve their lives by living in better houses, dressing better, eating better and accessing other essential and nonessential goods and services that make modern living comfortable. No wonder life expectancy has improved from 39 to 65 years, the number of people living in poverty has reduced from 56% in 1992 to 20%. Growth has also led to 60% of Ugandans having access to electricity (22% on grid and 38% on solar), up from 1% in 1986.

Conversely growth in state revenues has improved the capacity of the government to serve our citizens better through the supply of public goods and services. Today, every border of Uganda with her neighbours is connected by a paved road. Up to 80% of the population has access to an improved water source. The country is largely secure and one of our vital exports to our struggling neighbours in this region is security. This is a great transformation given that 40 years ago, Uganda was insecure and exporting refugees to her neighbours and now is a big host of refugees.

The lesson to draw from this tour is that economic growth is primary, the rest is derivative. It is better to seek growth and then discuss growing income inequality in the context of a growing economy, not a stagnating one. This is because ultimately, for anyone, it is better to hold a small slice of a growing pie than to hold a large slice of a

shrinking one.

The shift from a purely agricultural “three Cs” (coffee, cotton, copper) economy toward value-addition, agro-processing, and industrialization. Mobile phone usage grew from almost zero to over 20 million subscribers by 2016, driving financial inclusion through mobile money

Energy

Electricity in 1986, the whole country had only one hydropower plant, Nalubaale (formerly called Owen Falls Dam), with a maximum capacity of 150 megawatts of hydroelectricity. There are now four (4) large hydro power plants at Nalubaale, Kiira, Isimba and Karuma, with a combined generation capacity of 1,163.2 megawatts. Other sources such as Kigwabya, Nkongwe solar power in Mubende, etc., have added another 888.8 megawatts. This brings the total installed electricity generation capacity to 2,052 megawatts. To stop this from happening again, the government will commence investment in new hydropower plants at Ayago in Nwoya District (840 37 Megawatts), Kiba in Oyam District (400 Megawatts) and Oriang in Nwoya District (382 Megawatts). In addition, work is on-going for the 8,400 Megawatts Nuclear Power Plant in Buyende District. All these investments, when completed, will bring Uganda's electricity generation capacity to 12,074 Megawatts.

Health

Government continues to focus on attaining a good standard of health for all Ugandans and those living in Uganda. The prevention strategy remains the most powerful tool for fighting diseases. Government has invested in a number of health infrastructure projects. These include: infrastructure development for the Uganda Cancer Institute and 38 Regional Cancer Centers, the Uganda Heart Institute, Intensive Care Units and Imaging Centers for Referral Hospitals. Construction of new maternity wards and staff houses, in the HCIIIs, that are being upgraded to HCIIIs is currently on-going. This has significantly increased health facilities in all districts across the country.

Education

The NRM government in Uganda has implemented significant education reforms and achieved several milestones since taking power in 1986, primarily focused on increasing access to education at all levels. Key milestones include: universal access to education.

Universal Primary Education (UPE) was introduced in 1997, UPE abolished school fees and dramatically increased primary school enrollment from 2.2 million children in 1986 to over 5.3 million by 1997, and over 8 million in subsequent years. The government later introduced USE to accommodate the increasing number of UPE graduates, further expanding access to education.

Enrollment in secondary schools and universities has grown substantially over the decades. University enrollment, for example, rose from 5,390 students in 1986 to over 300,000 by 2025, which is attributed to the increased number of universities. The country, which had only one university in 1986, now has 12 public universities and many private universities across all major regions. In addition, the number of schools has increased significantly, with efforts to ensure every parish has a government primary school and every sub-county has a government seed secondary school.

The government has progressively increased teacher numbers and salaries across different levels of education, aiming to improve teacher attendance and motivation. A new competence-based curriculum for lower secondary education was also rolled out in 2020, shifting the focus from memorization to practical application of knowledge.

Further, the Government introduced “Skilling the Girl Child” program. This initiative is to empower underprivileged, vulnerable girls (ages 15-30) with free, practical vocational skills like tailoring, hairdressing, baking, and weaving to foster self-reliance, create jobs, reduce poverty, and enable them to start their own businesses, thereby boosting their economic independence and improving community livelihoods.

Water

Clean water and sanitation of our water and environmental resources is a major contributing factor to public health, agricultural productivity and climate change adaptation. The National Population and Housing Census Report of 2024, showed that at least eight (8) in ten (10) households now have access to improved water sources i.e. piped water, protected springs, etc. Today, 81.1% of the households, in Uganda, are in the radius of 1km from a safe water source. This is on account of the government's prioritization of the construction of piped water systems, in both rural and urban areas.

ICT infrastructure

The Ugandan government, through the Ministry of ICT and National Guidance, is driving digital transformation via the Digital Transformation Roadmap (2023-2027) focusing on infrastructure (broadband, data centers, NITA fiber), e-government (SMS Gateway, central hosting), digital skills, innovation (NIISP, AI/Big Data, #4IR), and sectors like e-health/education, aiming to build a knowledge economy, reduce internet costs, and enhance service delivery. Key initiatives include developing National IDs, improving connectivity, promoting local tech innovation, and establishing policy frameworks for AI, data protection, and 5G.

Therefore, Uganda's transformation journey is unstoppable and the massive gains so far attained can only be consolidated for the great good of Ugandans.

References:

- **Museveni, Y. (2016) 'Sowing the Mustard Seed,' Moran Publishers Limited.**
- **Phares Mukasa Mutibwa 'A History of Uganda, the First 100 years 1894-1995', Fountain Publishers, Kampala- Uganda.**

- **World Bank Uganda- Oct, 11 2025**
- **African Economic Outlook (AEO)**

Wishing you Happy Swearing-In and Inauguration Ceremonies of the President – Elect, 2026!

LONG LIVE UGANDA! LONG LIVE H.E THE PRESIDENT!

LIST OF NATIONAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE FOR SWEARING-IN CEREMONY

1.	Haji Kakande Yunus	Secretary/OP(Chairperson)	0414344026
2.	Mrs. Alice Muwanguzi	- OP	0772406552
3.	Mr. Umar Lule Mawiy	- RCC K'la	0772508174
4.	Mr. Emmanuel Walani	- OP	0702846246
5.	Ms. Mutesa Betty	- OP	0782592322
6.	Ms. Edemachu Monica	- OP	0772515561
7.	Mr. Kisuyi Sadat Ibin Edrisa	- OP	0782628053
8.	Ms. Gloria Mwenge	- OP	0704028941
9.	Ms. Wegosasa Hadija	- OP	0703980123
10.	Mr. Walter K. Aceronga	- OP	0772955605
11.	Mr. Mugisha Fredrick	- OP	0772643337
12.	Ms. Evelyn Atuhair	- OP	0782460508
13.	Mr. Rauben Mwebembezi	- OP	0752657704
14.	Mr. Tonny Mulambe	- OP	0705025361
15.	Mr. Gessa Nathan	- OP	0778795917
16.	Ms. Mellon Arinaitwe	- OP	0782155746
17.	Ms. Ayebare Joan	- OP	0783710721
18.	Ms. Meri Caroline	- OP	0775310060
19.	Mr. Sekyole Ronald	- OP	0776897474
20.	Ms. Namukose Olivia	- OP	0782556927
21.	Ms. Naiga Justine	- OP	0772860040
22.	Ms. Katusiime Claire	- OP	0774130531
23.	Ms. Hasahya Namwirya Sharon	- OP	0773808841
24.	Mr. Odong M. Emmanuel	- OP	0773031503
25.	Ms. Ayot Brenda	- OP	0788500375

26.	Ms. Nekesa Hilda	-	OP	0778151744
27.	Ms. Aisha Naamala	-	OP	0701041723
28.	Mr. Ocuna Moses	-	OP	0703855413
29.	Mr. Matovu Hassan	-	OP	0703728986
30.	Mr. Fagayo Eric	-	SH	0772639736
31.	Ms. Annet Nakamya	-	SH	0701279668
32.	Ms. Nazziwa Gorret	-	SH	0781665849
33.	Mr. Jackson Abigaba	-	SH	0772991991
34.	Mr. Rugongeza Godfrey	-	SH	0772933734
35.	Ms. Namayanja Mariam K	-	SH	0772546591
36.	Ms. Atim Josephine	-	SH/STI	0784166923
37.	Ms. Hadija Namyalo	-	SHC/ONC	0740868704
38.	Amb. Barbara Oundo	-	NRM Sec	0782666731
39.	Hon. Emmanuel L. Dombo	-	NRM Sec	0772421412
40.	Hon. Dr. Seninde Rosemary	-	NRM Sec	0772434513
41.	Maj. (Rtd) Awichi Pollar	-	NRM Sec	0782467508
42.	Dr. James Tweheyo	-	NRM Sec	0772524244
43.	Mr. Adea Ouma	-	NRM Sec	0778020785
44.	Mr. Collins Bukenya	-	NRM Sec	0772315050
45.	Hon. Jane Alisemera Babiha	-	NRM Sec	0772407568
46.	Hon. Kyatuheire Jacqueline	-	NRM Sec	0772666701
47.	Mr. Francis Ochakachon	-	NRM Sec	0786072896
48.	Ms. Claudia Arwako	-	OPM	0772634738
49.	Ms. Olivia Nakamatte	-	MoWT	0758190257
50.	Eng. Dr. Timothy Tibesigwa	-	MoWT	0772348948
51.	Eng. Henry Lubega	-	MoWT	0772410587
52.	Eng. Agaba Edwin	-	MoWT	0771624095
53.	Ms. Kasabiiti Brenda	-	MoWT	0782057148
54.	Mr. Stephen Sali	-	MoWT	0773032701
55.	Mr. Nuwagaba Benson	-	MoLG	0772615738
56.	Mr. Monday Wilson	-	MoLG	0782574339
57.	Ms. Akello Lilian Perry	-	MoH	0770994319
58.	Mr. Mella Peter	-	MWE	0706020220
59.	Ms. Alenga Sophie	-	MLHUD	0772152498
60.	Mr. Omoding Patrick Jonathan	-	MTIC	0572816956
61.	Mr. Jeff K. Rwakanuma	-	MoS	0706334315
62.	Ms. Namugga Dorothy	-	ESC	0776400610

63.	Mr. Kabiito Hussein	-	MoPS	0772884993
64.	Mr. Kyalimpa Evarist	-	MoGLSD	0772970569
65.	Ms. Nakakande Shamim	-	MGLSD	0701949328
66.	Mr. Sarich Andrew	-	MoGLSD	0770627781
67.	Mr. Julius Mucunguzi	-	EC	0776210307
68.	CP Al Haji Basalirwa Jamar	-	UPF	0772625750
69.	CP Abraham Betongyeza	-	UPF	0701110710
70.	SSP Birungi Scovia	-	UPF	0774606046
71.	SP Akujo Harriet	-	UPF	0754267331
72.	AIP Ngobi James	-	UPF	0771490578
73.	SSP Benjamin Ngabwah	-	UPS	0772937515
74.	Ms. Doreen Asimwe Kazooru	-	UPS	0758556509
75.	POII Mukasa Geoffery	-	UPS	
76.	Ms. Gwennie Kategaya	-	ISO	0772503075
77.	Ms. Birungi Hidaya	-	ISO	0772933594
78.	Ms. Kanyunyuzi Doreen	-	ISO	0761111112
79.	Ms. Rebeca Kankunda	-	ESO	0702539150
80.	Ms. Nagasha Susan	-	ESO	0772927403
81.	Mr. Seninde Duncan	-	MoDVA	0772668165
82.	Capt. Kaweesa Bigali Buganda	-	MoDVA	0772401808
83.	Brig. Gen. Gerald Ahimbisibwe	-	UPDF	0772499939
84.	Col. Moses Musinguzi	-	SFC	0772507957
85.	Col. Philip Mugizi	-	SFC	0772372858
86.	Lt. Col. Frank Murema	-	SFC	0777300748
87.	Lt. Col. RG Mpangire	-	UPDF	0772382581
88.	Lt. Col. P.P Nampiima	-	UPDF	0776812399
89.	Lt. Col. G. Magara	-	SFC	0772835055
90.	Maj. Alex M. Rusika	-	UPDF	0772868647
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92.	Maj. Emmanuel Kyamwiru	-	SFC	0788745094
93.	Maj. Jimmy Denis Omara	-	SFC	0772949658
94.	Maj. Bashir Mugisha	-	SFC	0782137761
95.	Maj. Frank Otafire	-	SFC	0782080862
96.	Mr. Richard Tugume	-	SFC	0775112645
97.	Mr. Akanduhura Enoch	-	UPDF	0756249557
98.	Ms. Hope Barahire	-	UCAA	0772506045
99.	Mr. Wycliffe Kato Mwebaze	-	IG	0704584211

100.	Amb. Charles Ssentongo	-	MoFA	0782135774
101.	Ms. Kiiza Harriet	-	MoTWA	0752354888
102.	Mr. David Wamono	-	MoFA	0782579346
103.	Mr. Marvin Nyanzi	-	MoFA	0784959284
104.	Mr. Dennis Kalikola	-	MoFA	0753981966
105.	Ms. Juliet Kabonesa Kibirige	-	MoFA	0772683684
106.	Mr. Hirome Abubakar	-	MoFA	0782075214
107.	Mr. Atwebembire Elly Bureju	-	MoIA	0772347388
108.	Ms. Saidah Malingha	-	MoES	0772007201
109.	Mr. Kirya Faizal	-	MoJCA	0774310355
110.	Ms. Patricia Amoko	-	Judiciary	0772065075
111.	Ms. Nankunda Docus	-	Judiciary	0779956005
112.	Mr. Okello Robin	-	Judiciary	0773119652
113.	Ms. Nakandi Daisy	-	MoICT&NG	0788351843
114.	Ms. Fiona Luboga	-	MoICT&NG	0782123000
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116.	Mr. Kolinako Noah	-	HSC	0705987505
117.	Ms. Alinda Patra	-	JSC	0781735826
118.	Ms. Maria Theresa N	-	JSC	0750761652
119.	Mr. Musana Timothy	-	DEI	0776988032
120.	Mr. Mukiza Emmanuel	-	KCCA	0701724443
121.	Mr. NuweAbine Daniel	-	KCCA	0701387600
122.	Ms. Namanya Aidah	-	Entebbe MC	0772624191
123.	Mr. Kiggundu Kabandwa	-	War Veteran	0772496105
124.	Ms. Nandudu Aziza	-	MDIA	0782037020

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